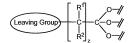
Amendments to the Claims

Please amend claims 28 and 48 as indicated below. Please cancel claim 47 without prejudice. Currently amended claims are presented with markings to indicate the changes made, wherein a strikethrough is used to designate deletions and <u>underlining</u> is used to designate additions. This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

- (Withdrawn) A method for making an ortho ester of a water-soluble polymer comprising the step of reacting a water-soluble polymer segment having at least one alkoxide ion or thiolate ion with an ortho ester comprised of a suitable leaving group.
- (Withdrawn) The method of claim 1, wherein the water-soluble polymer segment has at least one alkoxide ion and is prepared via a polymerization reaction.
- 3. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 1, wherein the water-soluble polymer segment having at least one alkoxide ion or thiolate ion is prepared by combining a water-soluble polymer segment having at least one hydroxyl or thiol moiety with a suitable base.
- 4. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 3, wherein the suitable base is selected from the group consisting of sodium, potassium, sodium hydride, potassium hydride, sodium methoxide, potassium methoxide, sodium tert-butoxide, and potassium tert-butoxide.
- 5. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 1, wherein the ortho ester comprised of a suitable leaving group comprises the following structure:



wherein:

is the suitable leaving group;

(z) is an integer from 1 to 24;

R¹, in each occurrence, is independently H or an organic radical selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, aryl, and substituted aryl;

R², in each occurrence, is independently H or an organic radical selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, aryl, and substituted aryl; and

- (Withdrawn) The method of claim 5, wherein the suitable leaving group is selected from the group consisting of halogens and sulfonate esters.
- (Withdrawn) The method of claim 5, wherein the suitable leaving group is selected from the group consisting of bromo, chloro and iodo.
- 8. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 5, wherein the suitable leaving group is selected from the group consisting of methanesulfonate, trifluoromethanesulfonate, trichloromethanesulfonate, 2,2,2-trifluoroethanesulfonate, 2,2,2-trichloroethanesulfonate, and para-toluenesulfonate.

 (Withdrawn) The method of claim 5, wherein the moiety is comprised of the following structure:

wherein each R^4 is an organic radical independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, aryl, and substituted aryl.

10. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 5, wherein the one of a cyclic structure.

 (Withdrawn) The method of claim 10, wherein the of moiety is selected fro the group

consisting of

12. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 5, wherein the ortho ester comprised of a suitable leaving group comprises the following structure:

wherein:

is the suitable leaving group;

X1 is a spacer moiety;

(z) is an integer from 1 to 24;

R¹, in each occurrence, is independently H or an organic radical selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, aryl, and substituted aryl;

R², in each occurrence, is independently H or an organic radical selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, aryl, and substituted aryl; and



- 13. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 5, wherein the ortho ester moiety comprised of a suitable leaving group is prepared via a polymerization reaction conducted on an initiator molecule having an ortho ester moiety.
- 14. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 1, wherein the water-soluble polymer segment having at least one alkoxide ion or thiolate ion is comprised of the following structure:

wherein POLY is a water-soluble polymer segment;

(a) is zero or one;

X, when present, is a spacer moiety; and

Y is O or S.

15. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 14, wherein the water-soluble polymer segment having at least one alkoxide ion or thiolate ion is comprised of the following structure:

wherein:

(m) is from 2 to 4000;

Y is O or S: and

R⁵ is H or an organic radical selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, aryl, and substituted aryl.

16. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 3, wherein the water-soluble polymer segment having at least one hydroxyl or thiol group is comprised of the following structure:

wherein:

POLY is a water-soluble polymer segment;

(a) is zero or one;

X, when present, is a spacer moiety; and

Y is O or S.

17. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 16, wherein the water-soluble polymer segment has one hydroxyl group and is comprised of the following structure:

$$R^5$$
—O— $(CH_2CH_2O)_m$ —H

wherein:

(m) is from 2 to 4000; and

R⁵ is H or an organic radical selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, aryl, and substituted aryl.

18. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 17, wherein the water-soluble polymer segment having one hydroxyl group is comprised of the following structure:

wherein (m) is from 2 to 4000.

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 (Withdrawn) A method for making a carboxylic acid of a water-soluble polymer comprising the steps of

(a) reacting a water-soluble polymer segment having at least one alkoxide ion or thiolate ion with an ortho ester comprised of a suitable leaving group to form an ortho ester of a water-soluble polymer; and

(b) subjecting the ortho ester of a water-soluble polymer formed in step (a) to at least one hydrolysis step so as to provide the corresponding carboxylic acid of a water-soluble polymer.

20. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 19, wherein the water-soluble polymer segment having at least one alkoxide ion or thiolate ion is prepared by combining a water-soluble polymer segment having at least one hydroxyl or thiol moiety with a suitable base.

21. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 19, further comprising the step of recovering the carboxylic acid of the water-soluble polymer.

 (Withdrawn) The method of claim 19, further comprising the step of purifying the carboxylic acid of the water-soluble polymer.

23. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 19, wherein conversion of the ortho ester of the water-soluble polymer into the carboxylic acid of the water-soluble polymer is about 85% or greater.

24. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 19, wherein the at least one hydrolysis step comprises two hydrolysis steps.

25. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 24, wherein the two hydrolysis steps comprise an initial acid hydrolysis step followed by a base hydrolysis step.

26. (Withdrawn) A carboxylic acid of a water-soluble polymer prepared by the method of claim 19.

- 27. (Withdrawn) An ortho ester of a water-soluble polymer.
- 28. (Currently amended) A polymer having the following structure:

wherein:

POLY is a water-soluble polymer segment having a nominal average molecular weight of from about 2,000 daltons to about 100,000 25,000 daltons:

- (a) is either zero or one;
- X, when present, is a spacer moiety;
- (z) is an integer from 1 to 24;
- R¹, in each occurrence, is independently H or an organic radical selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, aryl, and substituted aryl;
- R², in each occurrence, is independently H or an organic radical selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, aryl, and substituted aryl; and
- each R^4 is a either (i) an organic radical independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, aryl, and substituted aryl, or (ii) one or more atoms that combine with another R^4 or the remaining R^4 moieties to form a cyclic ortho ester structure.

(This space intentionally left blank.)

29. (Previously presented) The polymer of claim 28, wherein (z) equals three and the polymer has the following structure:

wherein POLY, X, (a), each R1, each R2 and each R4 are as previously defined.

- 30. (Original) The polymer of claim 29, wherein each occurrence of R1 and R2 is H.
- 31. (Withdrawn) The polymer of claim 29, wherein the R^1 attached to the carbon α to the carbon in the ortho ester moiety is alkyl, all other R^1 variables are H, and all R^2 variables are H.
- 32. (Withdrawn) The polymer of claim 28, wherein (z) equals four and the polymer is comprised of the following structure:

wherein POLY, X, (a), each R¹, each R² and are as previously defined

- 33. (Withdrawn) The polymer of claim 32, wherein each occurrence of \mathbb{R}^1 and \mathbb{R}^2 is H.
- 34. (Withdrawn) The polymer of claim 32, wherein the R^1 attached to the carbon α to the carbon in the ortho ester moiety is alkyl, all other R^1 variables are H, and all R^2 variables are H.

35. (Withdrawn) The polymer of claim 28, wherein (z) equals five and the polymer is comprised of the following structure:

- 36. (Withdrawn) The polymer of claim 35, wherein each occurrence of R1 and R2 is H.
- 37. (Withdrawn) The polymer of claim 35, wherein the R^1 attached to the carbon α to the carbon in the ortho ester moiety is alkyl, all other R^1 variables are H, and all R^2 variables are H.
- 38. (Original) The polymer of claim 28, wherein POLY is selected from the group consisting of a poly(alkylene oxide)s, poly(vinyl pyrrolidone), poly(vinyl alcohol), polyoxazoline, poly(acryloylmorpholine), and poly(oxyethylated polyol).
 - 39. (Original) The polymer of claim 38, wherein POLY is a poly(alkylene oxide).
- (Original) The polymer of claim 39, wherein the poly(alkylene oxide) is a poly(ethylene glycol).
- (Original) The polymer of claim 40, wherein the poly(ethylene glycol) is terminally capped with an end-capping moiety.

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- 42. (Original) The polymer of claim 41, wherein the end-capping moiety is independently selected from the group consisting alkoxy, substituted alkoxy, alkenyloxy, substituted alkenyloxy, alkynyloxy, substituted alkynyloxy, aryloxy, substituted aryloxy, and hydroxy.
 - 43. (Original) The polymer of claim 42, wherein the end-capping moiety is alkoxy.
 - 44. (Original) The polymer of claim 43, wherein the alkoxy is methoxy.
 - 45. (Withdrawn) The polymer of claim 42, wherein the end-capping moiety is hydroxy.
 - 46. (Canceled).
 - 47. (Canceled).
- 48. (Currently amended) The polymer of claim 47 40, wherein the poly(ethylene glycol) has a nominal average molecular weight of from about 5.000 daltons to about 20,000 daltons.
 - 49. (Original) The polymer of claim 28, wherein (a) equals zero.
 - 50. (Withdrawn) The polymer of claim 28, wherein (a) equals one.
- 51. (Withdrawn) The polymer of claim 50, wherein X is independently selected from the group consisting of -O-, -S-, -C(O)-, -C(O)-NH-, -NH-C(O)-NH-, -O-C(O)-NH-, -C(S)-, -CH₂-, -CH₂-, -CH₂-, -CH₂-, -CH₂-, -CH₂-, -O-CH₂-, -O-CH₂-, -O-CH₂-, -CH₂-, -CH₂-

-CH2-CH2-C(O)-NH-CH2-CH2-, -CH2-CH2-CH2-C(O)-NH-CH2-, -CH2-CH2-CH2-C(O)-NH-CH2-CH2-, -CH2-CH2-CH2-CH2-C(O)-NH-, -C(O)-O-CH2-, -CH2-C(O)-O-CH2-, -CH2-CH2-C(O)-O-CH2-, -C(O)-O-CH2-CH2-, -NH-C(O)-CH2-, -CH2-NH-C(O)-CH2-, -CH2-CH2-NH-C(O)-CH2-, -NH-C(O)-CH2-CH2-, -CH2-NH-C(O)-CH2-CH2-, -CH2-CH2-NH-C(O)-CH2-CH2-, -C(O)-NH-CH2-, -C(O)-NH-CH2-CH2-, -O-C(O)-NH-CH2-, -O-C(O)-NH-CH2-CH2-, -NH-CH2-, -NH-CH2-CH2-, -CH2-NH-CH2-, -CH2-CH2-NH-CH2-, -C(O)-CH2-, -C(O)-CH2-CH2-, -CH2-C(O)-CH2-, -CH2-CH2-C(O)-CH2-, -CH2-CH2-C(O)-CH2-CH2-, -CH2-CH2-C(O)-, -CH2-CH2-CH2-C(O)-NH-CH2-CH2-NH-, -CH2-CH2-CH2-CH2-CH2-CH2-CH2-NH-C(O)-, -CH2-CH2-CH2-C(O)-NH-CH2-CH2-NH-C(O)-CH2-, -CH2-CH2-CH2-C(O)-NH-CH2-CH2-NH-C(O)-CH2-CH2-, -O-C(O)-NH-[CH2]h-(OCH2CH2)i-, -C(O)-NH-(CH2)1-6-NH-C(O)-, -NH-C(O)-NH-(CH2)1-6-NH-C(O)-, and -O-C(O)-NH-(CH₂)₁₋₆-NH-C(O)-, bivalent cycloalkyl group, an amino acid, -N(R⁶)-, and combinations of two or more of any of the foregoing, wherein R6 is H or an organic radical selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, aryl and substituted aryl, (h) is zero to six, and (j) is zero to 20.

52. (Canceled)

- 53. (Previously presented) The polymer of claim 28, wherein each R⁴ combines with another R⁴ or the remaining R⁴ moieties to form an ortho ester cyclic structure.
- 54. (Previously presented) The polymer of claim 53, wherein each R⁴ combines with another R⁴ or the remaining R⁴ moieties to form an ortho ester cyclic structure selected from the group

consisting of

55. (Withdrawn) The polymer of claim 28, comprising the following structure:

wherein POLY, each X, each (a), each R¹, each R², and each or are as described above.

56. (Withdrawn) The polymer of claim 28, selected from the group consisting of

$${\rm H_{3}CO-(CH_{2}CH_{2}O)_{\overline{m}}(X^{1})_{a}-CH_{2}-CH_{$$

$$H_3CO-(CH_2CH_2O)_{\overline{m}}(X^1)_a-CH_2-CH_2-CH_2-CH_2-CH_3$$

$$H_3CO-(CH_2CH_2O)_{\overline{m}}(X^1)_{a}-CH_2-CH_2-CH_2$$

$${\rm H_{3}CO-(CH_{2}CH_{2}O)_{\overline{m}}(X^{1})_{a}-CH_{2}-CH_{$$

$$\begin{split} & H_{3}CO - (CH_{2}CH_{2}O)_{\overline{m}} - (X^{1})_{a} - CH_{2} - CH_{2} - CH_{2} - CH_{2} - CH_{2} - CH_{2} - CH_{3} \\ & H_{3}CO - (CH_{2}CH_{2}O)_{\overline{m}} - (X^{1})_{a} - CH_{2} - CH_{2} - CH_{2} - CH_{2} - CH_{2} - CH_{2} - CH_{3} \\ & H_{3}CO - (CH_{2}CH_{2}O)_{\overline{m}} - (X^{1})_{a} - CH_{2} - CH_{2} - CH_{2} - CH_{2} - CH_{2} - CH_{2} - CH_{3} \\ & H_{3}CO - (CH_{2}CH_{2}O)_{\overline{m}} - (X^{1})_{a} - CH_{2} - CH_{2} - CH_{2} - CH_{2} - CH_{2} - CH_{2} - CH_{3} \\ & H_{3}CO - (CH_{2}CH_{2}O)_{\overline{m}} - (X^{1})_{a} - CH_{2} - CH_{2} - CH_{2} - CH_{2} - CH_{2} - CH_{2} - CH_{3} \\ & H_{3}CO - (CH_{2}CH_{2}O)_{\overline{m}} - (X^{1})_{a} - CH_{2} - CH_{3} \\ & H_{3}CO - (CH_{2}CH_{2}O)_{\overline{m}} - (CH_{2}CH_{2}O)_{\overline{m}} - (CH_{2}CH_{2}O)_{\overline{m}} - (CH_{2}CH_{2}O)_{\overline{m}} - CH_{2} - CH_{3} \\ & H_{3}CO - (CH_{2}CH_{2}O)_{\overline{m}} - (CH_{2}CH_{2}O)_{\overline{m}} - (CH_{2}CH_{2}O)_{\overline{m}} - CH_{2} - CH_{2}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} {\rm H_{3}CO}\text{-}({\rm CH_{2}CH_{2}O})_{\overline{m}}{\rm CH_{2}}\text{-}{\rm CH_{2}$$

$$H_3CO-(CH_2CH_2O)_{\overline{m}}CH_2-CH_2-CH_2-CH_2-CH_2$$
 $O-CH_2$
 $O-CH_2$
 $O-CH_2$
 $O-CH_2$
 $O-CH_2$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_{3}\text{CO-(CH}_{2}\text{CH}_{2}\text{O})_{\overline{m}}\text{CH}_{2}\text{-CH}_{2}\text{-CH}_{2}\text{-CH}_{2}\text{-CH}_{2}\text{-CH}_{2}\text{-CH}_{2}\text{-CH}_{2}\text{-CH}_{2}\text{-CH}_{2} \\ \text{O-CH}_{2} \\ \text{O-CH}_{2} \\ \end{array}$$

$${\rm H_{3}CO-(CH_{2}CH_{2}O)}_{m}{\rm CH_{2}-CH_{2}-CH_{2}-CH_{2}-CH_{3}} \\ -{\rm CH_{3}} \\ -{\rm CH_{3}}$$

$$H_3CO-(CH_2CH_2O)_{\overline{m}}CH_2-CH_2-CH_2-CH_2-CH_2-CH_3$$

$$H_3CO-(CH_2CH_2O)_{\overline{m}}CH_2-CH_2-CH_2-CH_2-CH_2-CH_2$$
, and

wherein (m) is 2 to 4000, (a) is zero or one, and X¹, when present, is a spacer moiety.

57. (Withdrawn) A polymer comprising a water-soluble polymer segment and a carbon chain of four or more carbon atoms terminating in a carboxylic acid or nonaromatic ester thereof wherein the water-soluble polymer segment is covalently attached through one or more atoms to a carbon atom in the carbon chain that is at least four carbon atoms distal to the carbonylic acid or nonaromatic ester thereof, and further wherein when the water-soluble polymer segment is covalently attached through only one atom, the one atom is not O or S.

(This space intentionally left blank.)

58. (Withdrawn) A polymer comprising the following structure:

POLY—
$$X'$$
— $\begin{bmatrix} R^1 & 0 \\ I & || \\ C & || \\ R^2 \\ I \end{bmatrix}$

wherein:

POLY is a water-soluble polymer segment;

X' is a spacer moiety with the proviso that when the spacer moiety is only one atom, the one atom is not O or S:

(z') is an integer from 3 to 24;

R¹, in each occurrence, is independently H or an organic radical selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, aryl, and substituted aryl;

R², in each occurrence, is independently H or an organic radical selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, aryl, and substituted aryl; and

 R^3 is H or an organic radical selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkynyl, and substituted alkynyl.

59. (Withdrawn) The polymer of claim 58, wherein (z') equals three and the polymer is comprised of the following structure:

wherein POLY, X', each R1, each R2 and R3 are as previously defined.

60. (Withdrawn) The polymer of claim 59, wherein R3 is H.

- 61. (Withdrawn) The polymer of claim 59, wherein each occurrence of R1 and R2 is H.
- 62. (Withdrawn) The polymer of claim 59, wherein the R^1 attached to the carbon α to the carbonyl carbon is alkyl, all other R^1 variables are H, and all R^2 variables are H.
- 63. (Withdrawn) The polymer of claim 58, wherein (z') equals four and the polymer is comprised of the following structure:

wherein POLY, X', each R1, each R2 and R3 are as previously defined.

- 64. (Withdrawn) The polymer of claim 63, wherein R3 is H.
- 65. (Withdrawn) The polymer of claim 63, wherein each occurrence of R¹ and R² is H.
- 66. (Withdrawn) The polymer of claim 63, wherein the R^1 attached to the carbon α to the carbonyl carbon is alkyl, all other R^1 variables are H, and all R^2 variables are H.
- 67. (Withdrawn) The polymer of claim 58, wherein (z') equals five and the polymer is comprised of the following structure:

wherein POLY, X', each R1, each R2 and R3 are as previously defined.

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- 68. (Withdrawn) The polymer of claim 67, wherein R3 is H.
- 69. (Withdrawn) The polymer of claim 67, wherein each occurrence of R1 and R2 is H.
- 70. (Withdrawn) The polymer of claim 67, wherein the R^1 attached to the carbon α carbon to the carbonyl carbon is alkyl, all other R^1 variables are H, and all R^2 variables are H.
- 71. (Withdrawn) The polymer of claim 58, wherein POLY is selected from the group consisting of a poly(alkylene oxide)s, poly(vinyl pyrrolidone), poly(vinyl alcohol), polyoxazoline, poly(acryloylmorpholine), and poly(oxyethylated polyols).
 - 72. (Withdrawn) The polymer of claim 71, wherein POLY is a poly(alkylene oxide).
- 73. (Withdrawn) The polymer of claim 72, wherein the poly(alkylene oxide) is a poly(ethylene glycol).
- 74. (Withdrawn) The polymer of claim 73, wherein the poly(ethylene glycol) is terminally capped with an end-capping mojety.
- 75. (Withdrawn) The polymer of claim 74, wherein the end-capping moiety is independently selected from the group consisting alkoxy, substituted alkoxy, alkenyloxy, substituted alkenyloxy, alkynyloxy, substituted alkynyloxy, aryloxy, substituted aryloxy, and hydroxy.
 - 76. (Withdrawn) The polymer of claim 75, wherein the end-capping moiety is alkoxy.
 - 77. (Withdrawn) The polymer of claim 76, wherein the alkoxy is methoxy.
 - 78. (Withdrawn) The polymer of claim 75, wherein the end-capping moiety is hydroxy.

- 79. (Withdrawn) The polymer of claim 73, wherein the poly(ethylene glycol) has a nominal average molecular mass of from about 100 daltons to about 100,000 daltons.
- 80. (Withdrawn) The polymer of claim 79, wherein the poly(ethylene glycol) has a nominal average molecular mass of from about 2,000 daltons to about 25,000 daltons.
- 81. (Withdrawn) The polymer of claim 80, wherein the poly(ethylene glycol) has a nominal average molecular mass of from about 5,000 daltons to about 20,000 daltons.
- 82. (Withdrawn) The polymer of claim 58, wherein X' is selected from the group consisting of -C(O)-, -C(O)-NH-, -NH-C(O)-NH-, -O-C(O)-NH-, -C(S)-, -CH2-, -CH2-CH2-, -CH2-CH2-CH2-, -CH2-CH2-CH2-, -O-CH2-, -CH2-O-, -O-CH2-CH2-, -CH2-O-CH2-, -CH2-CH2-O-, -O-CH2-CH2-CH2-, -CH2-O-CH2-CH2-, -CH2-CH2-O-CH2-, -CH2-CH2-O-, -O-CH2-CH2-CH2-CH2-, -CH2-O-CH2-CH2-CH2-, -CH2-CH2-O-CH2-CH2-, -CH2-CH2-CH2-O-CH2-, -CH2-CH2-CH2-CH2-O-, -C(O)-NH-CH2-, -C(O)-NH-CH2-CH2-, -CH2-C(O)-NH-CH2-, -CH2-CH2-C(O)-NH-, -C(O)-NH-CH2-CH2-CH2-, -CH2-C(O)-NH-CH2-CH2-, -CH2-CH2-C(O)-NH-CH2-, -CH2-CH2-CH2-C(O)-NH-, -C(O)-NH-CH2-CH2-CH2-CH2-, -CH2-C(O)-NH-CH2-CH2-CH2-, -CH2-CH2-C(O)-NH-CH2-CH2-, -CH2-CH2-CH2-C(O)-NH-CH2-, -CH2-CH2-CH2-C(O)-NH-CH2-CH2-, -CH2-CH2-CH2-CH2-C(O)-NH-, -C(O)-O-CH2-, -CH2-C(O)-O-CH2-, -CH2-CH2-C(O)-O-CH2-, -C(O)-O-CH2-CH2-, -NH-C(O)-CH2-, -CH2-NH-C(O)-CH2-, -CH2-CH2-NH-C(O)-CH2-, -NH-C(O)-CH2-CH2-, -CH2-NH-C(O)-CH2-CH2-, -CH2-CH2-NH-C(O)-CH2-CH2-, -C(O)-NH-CH2-, -C(O)-NH-CH2-CH2-, -O-C(O)-NH-CH2-, -O-C(O)-NH-CH2-CH2-, -NH-CH2-, -NH-CH2--CH2-NH-CH2-, -CH2-CH2-NH-CH2-, -C(O)-CH2-, -C(O)-CH2-CH2-, -CH2-C(O)-CH2-, -CH2-CH2-C(O)-CH2-, -CH2-CH2-C(O)-CH2-CH2-, -CH2-CH2-C(O)-, -CH2-CH2-CH2-C(O)-NH-CH2-CH2-NH-, -CH2-CH2-CH2-C(O)-NH-CH2-CH2-NH-C(O)-, -CH2-CH2-CH2-C(O)-NH-CH2-CH2-NH-C(O)-CH2-, -CH2-CH2-CH2-C(O)-NH-CH2-CH2-NH-C(O)-CH2-CH2-, -O-C(O)-NH-[CH2]h-(OCH2CH2)i-, -C(O)-NH-(CH2)1-6-NH-C(O)-, -NH-C(O)-NH-(CH2)1-6-NH-C(O)-, and -O-C(O)-NH-(CH₂)₁₋₆-NH-C(O)-, bivalent cycloalkyl group, an amino acid, -N(R⁶)-, and

combinations of two or more of any of the foregoing, wherein R^6 is H or an organic radical selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, aryl and substituted aryl, (h) is zero to six, and (j) is zero to 20.

83. (Withdrawn) The polymer of claim 58, comprising the following structure:

$$R^{3}-O-C = \begin{bmatrix} R^{1} \\ C \\ R^{2} \\ R^{2} \end{bmatrix}_{z'} X'-POLY - X' - \begin{bmatrix} R^{1} \\ C \\ R^{2} \end{bmatrix}_{z'} O-R^{3}$$

wherein POLY, each X', each (z'), each R¹, each R², and each R³ are as previously defined.

84. (Withdrawn) A carboxylic acid or ester thereof comprising the following formula:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} R^2 & O \\ | & \parallel \\ (R^1\text{-O})_y\text{-Q-[O-(C)_z-C-OH]_x} \\ | & R^3 \end{array}$$

wherein:

R¹ is H or an organic radical selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, substituted alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, aryl, and substituted aryl;

Q is a residue of a polyhydric alcohol having x+y hydroxyl groups;

R², in each occurrence, is independently H or an organic radical selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, aryl, and substituted aryl;

R³, in each occurrence, is independently H or an organic radical selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, aryl, and substituted aryl;

- (x) is one to 20;
- (y) is one to 20; and
- (z) is four to 20.

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85. (Withdrawn) A gel comprising the polymer of claim 57 or claim 58.

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